



*SPAWAR  
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# Testing Command & Control Systems: A Recipe for Success

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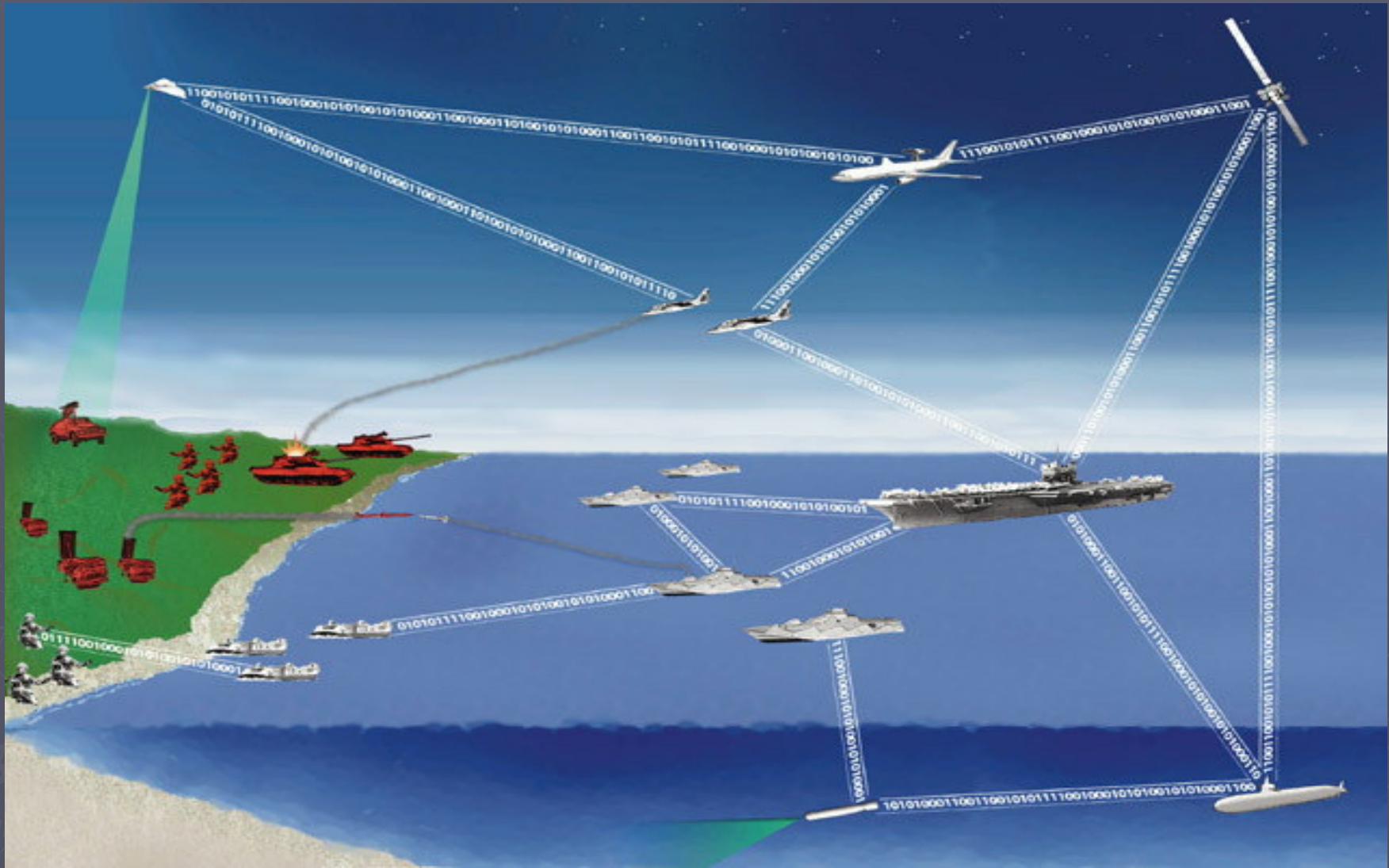
# Overview

- ▶ Characterize a Command and Control (C2) system
- ▶ Understand the decisions involved in testing a “near real time” system
- ▶ Recipe for conducting a performance test
- ▶ Data Analysis

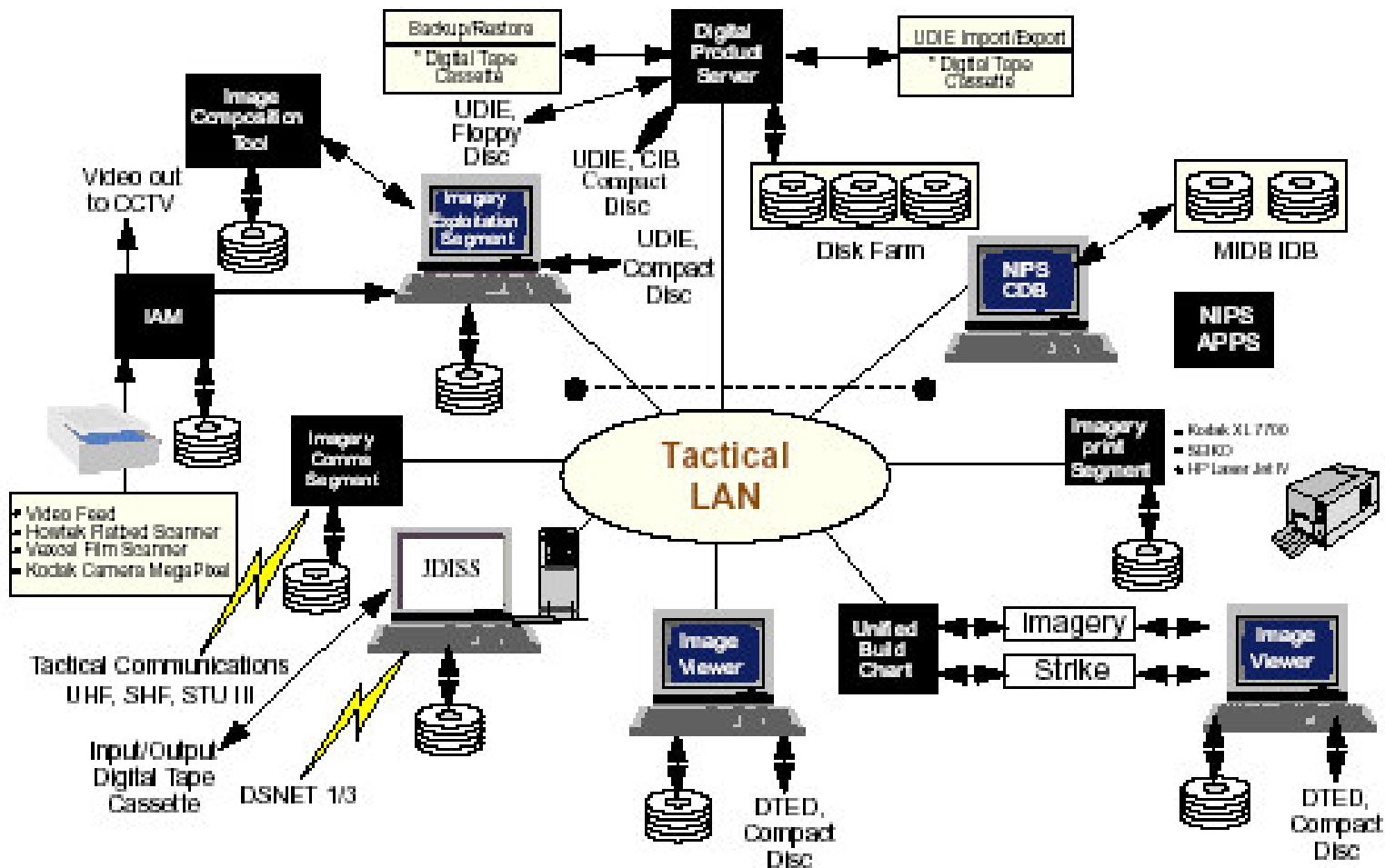
# This is the problem...

- ▶ Conduct performance testing on a “near real-time system”
  - Thousands of participating servers and clients
  - Geographic displacement
  - High data rate generating sensors
  - Operating in a “quasi-Internet” environment
  - “Reasonable performance” expectations

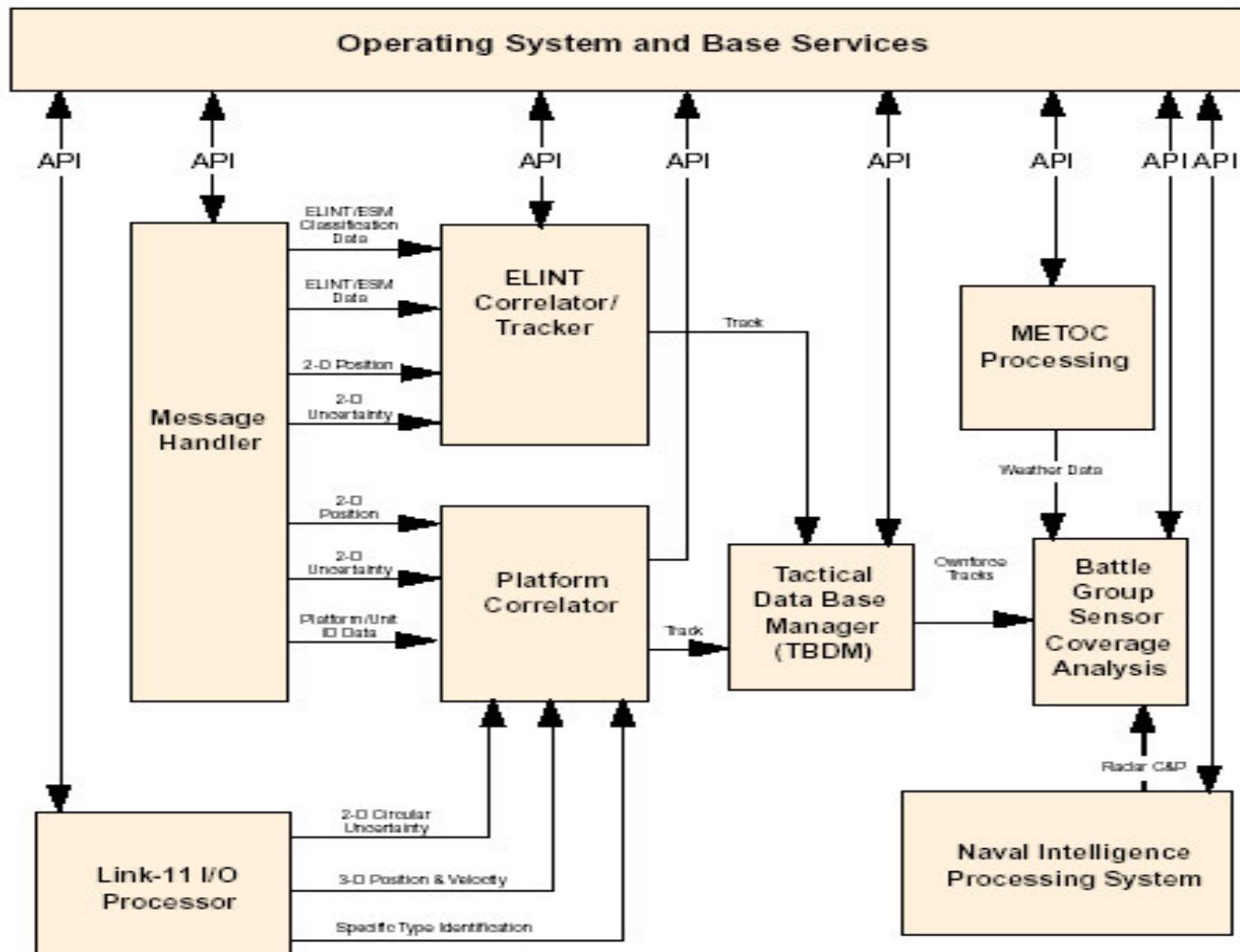
# What is Command and Control?



# What a C2 System Looks Like...



# Inside the Software of a Navy C2 System...



# Software/Hardware Specs

Item	Characteristics
<b>Platform</b>	<b>Sun Ultra's 60 and 80 Sun Netras 1405 Sun Blade 2000 Dell and Intel P4 (Desktop and Laptop)</b>
<b>Software</b>	<b>8.2M SLOC Expandable via additional applications to 17.3M LOC written originally in C and migrated to Java</b>
<b>Network</b>	<b>ATM Backbone using Xylan Smart Switch with Cisco Routers</b>
<b>Bandwidth</b>	<b>Simulate range of connectivity's (e.g., airplanes, ships, command centers, hummers, troops in field).</b>
<b>Data Injection Rate</b>	<b>Avg. ~300 updates per minute incoming to server = ~600-800 data packets broadcast via UDP from server to clients over network</b>

# Test Purpose

- ▶ Primary purpose: Establish a baseline of system performance in a representative architecture with high tempo events occurring
- ▶ Secondary purpose: Conduct an in-depth test of performance characteristics with the ability to pinpoint and identify problematic processes



# Performance Testing: The Recipe Ingredients

- ▶ **System Latency: What generates the highest latency within the system?**
- ▶ **User Tasks: While conducting normal user tasks, which ones degrade system performance in our environment?**
- ▶ **Data Rates: Where do we target our monitoring efforts: network, client, or server?**
- ▶ **Tools: What tools do we use to monitor the test?**
- ▶ **Tasks and Data: How do we target specific events and data that generate degradation?**
- ▶ **Methods and Architecture: How do we mimic a complex environment with minimal machines?**

# What generates the highest latency?

- COMMON:

- ▶ Events that require extended service from the CPU (the larger the process, the more service required)
- ▶ Events that write to I/O
- ▶ Events that “thrash” memory

- SPECIFIC:

- ▶ Redundant calls on Java VM
- ▶ More “Real Time” data produces greater latency
- ▶ Large data volume, with small bandwidth (cramming 10 lbs of stuff in a 5 lb bag!)

While conducting normal user tasks, which ones degrade system performance in our environment?

- ▶ Moving large data volumes from server to client
- ▶ High broadcast rates of server to other servers and clients based on turning data feeds on and off
- ▶ Any user task that would require the system to launch more than approx. 3 processes / applications simultaneously

# Where do we target our monitoring efforts: network, client, or server?

- ▶ Since we were unsure when we started, we monitored it all and refined as we became experienced
- ▶ Based on our results to date, recommend targeting
  - Highest grade and lowest grade servers
  - Highest grade and lowest grade clients
  - Network at both ends of the incoming server
    - ▶ Data coming in and data being broadcast through to clients

# What tools do we use to monitor the test?

## ▶ Criteria for tool selection

- Reside on any platform (Sun, Windows, or HP)
- Leave a minimal footprint
  - ▶ Less than 1% of RAM required while running
  - ▶ Less than 1% of CPU service on system under test
- Provide graphical data for analysis

## ▶ Our choice: TeamQuest

# How do we target specific events and data that generate degradation?

## ▶ Step 1:

- We ran our smoke test using Team Quest with ~255 user functions
- We incremented, then decremented our data injects
- We monitored activity and targeted items that we suspected were problems

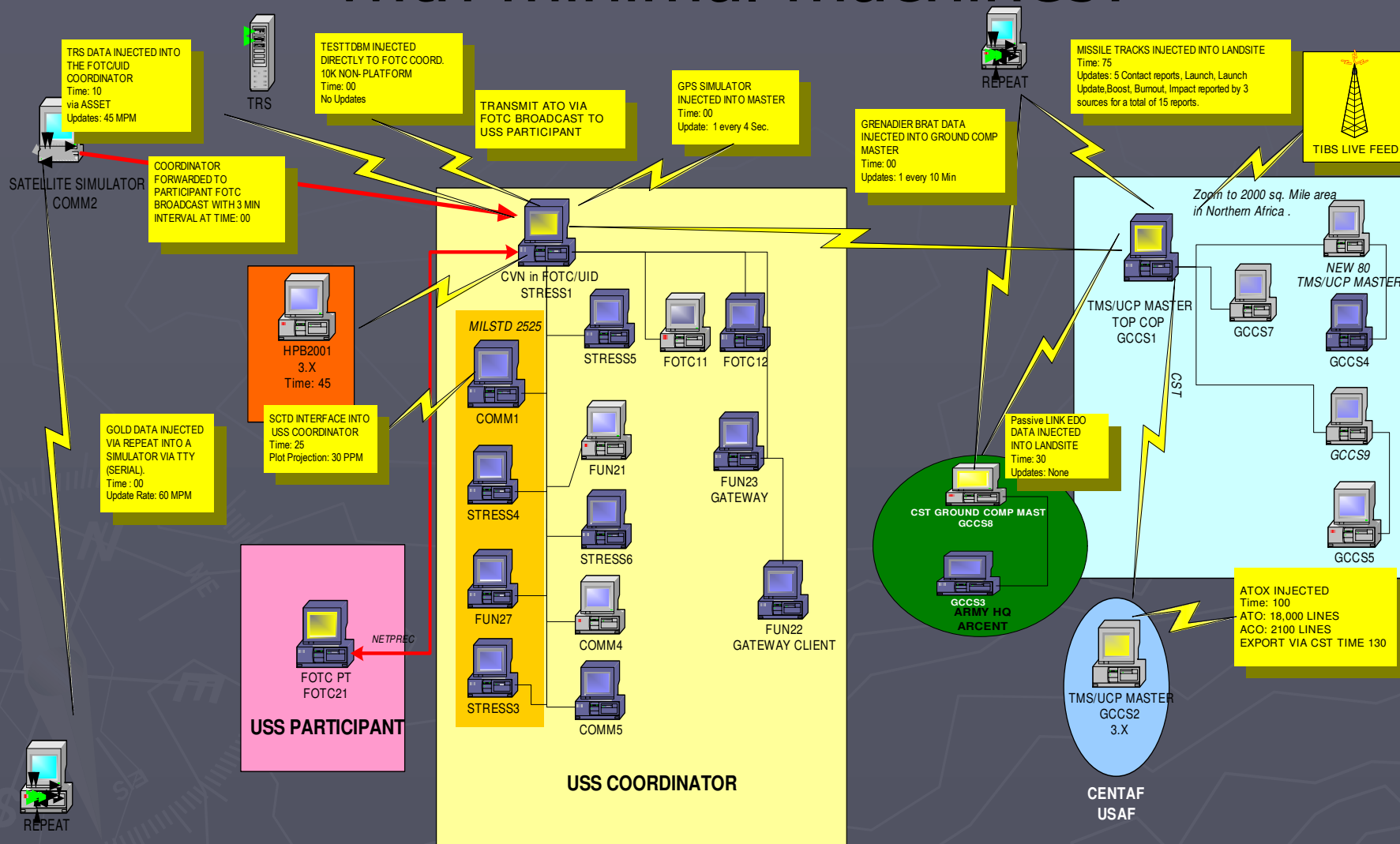
## ▶ Step 2:

- We refined our list to 70 user functions which we felt best captured the above items

## ▶ Step 3:

- We conducted multiple dry runs to refine and confirm capability

# How do we mimic a complex environment with minimal machines?



# MIXING INSTRUCTIONS: How to generate a repeatable test that allows data to be analyzed correctly

- ▶ Base load the machines with predictable data
- ▶ Ensure the performance monitor tool is loaded on targeted platforms
- ▶ Begin the test with minimal data injection from external sources
- ▶ Incrementally add users at specific times
  - Users conduct the exact same script at offset times
  - This step allows for pinpointing tasks that may cause system degradation
- ▶ Add data feeds at targeted times
- ▶ Increase data injection rates to established targeted amounts
- ▶ Collect data and analyze
- ▶ ...Let Simmer!

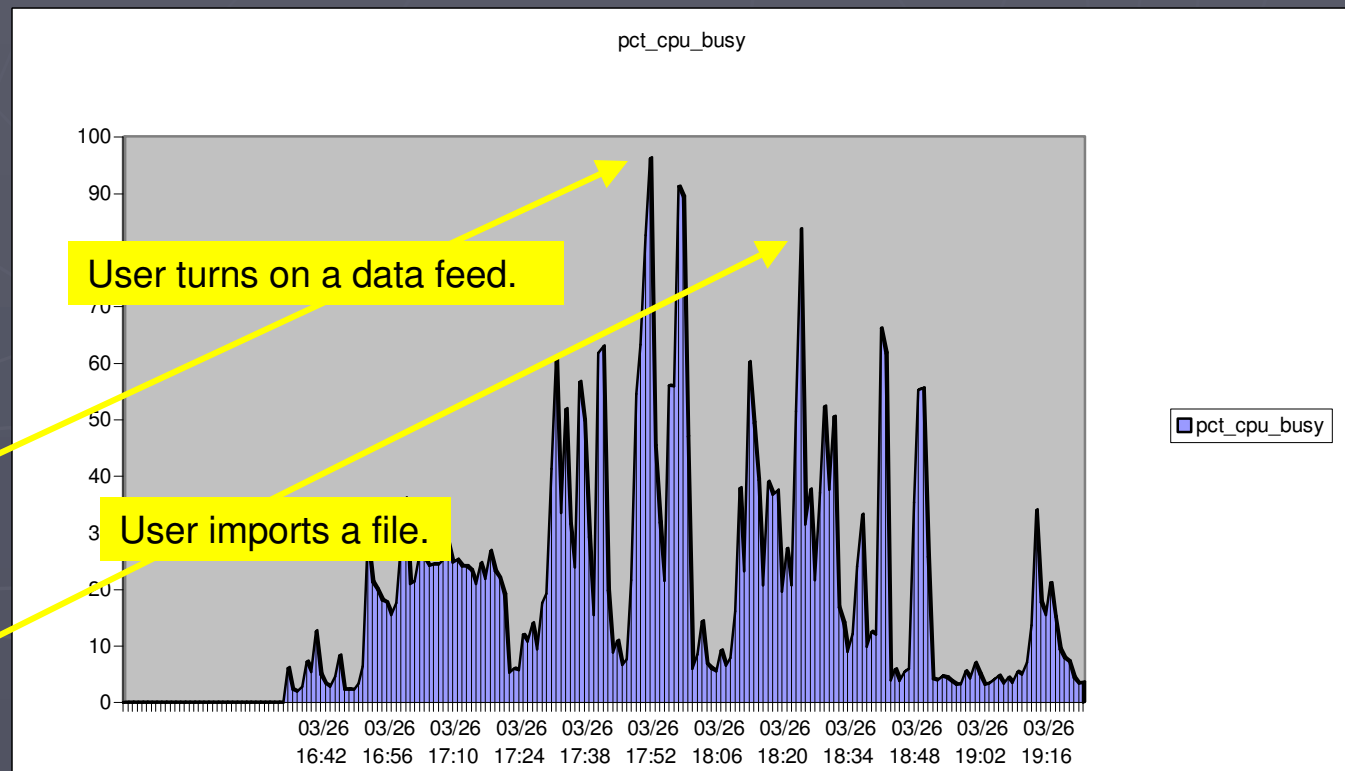




# Analyzing the Data (Is your test tool your friend?)

Actual Server used during testing 3/26/2001.

03/26 17:34	51.8583
03/26 17:35	31.575
03/26 17:36	23.9583
03/26 17:37	56.6833
03/26 17:38	49.9
03/26 17:39	29.3
03/26 17:40	15.5333
03/26 17:41	61.85
03/26 17:42	63.0083
03/26 17:43	19.9
03/26 17:44	8.95
03/26 17:45	10.875
03/26 17:46	6.66556
03/26 17:47	7.69167
03/26 17:48	21.6333
03/26 17:49	54.5333
03/26 17:50	63.3667
03/26 17:51	82.6667
03/26 17:52	96.2
03/26 17:53	45.4583
03/26 17:54	31.8417
03/26 17:55	21.5667
03/26 17:56	56
03/26 17:57	55.875
03/26 17:58	91.2612
03/26 17:59	89.3952
03/26 18:00	47.0333
03/26 18:01	6.01667
03/26 18:02	8.55833
03/26 18:03	14.4417
03/26 18:04	6.83333



# Analyzing the Data

Same Server different graph showing process generating high CPU usage. (Command line statement)

command	pctcpu	fullcmd	login	nproc	totcpu	rss
<Multi>	95.62	<Multi>	<Multi>	151	115	1304088
java	75.96	/h/COTS/JAVA2/bin/./bin/sparc/native_threads/java -Dafw -Xss768k ->	tester	1	91.2	173912
Cartographer	5	Cartographer	tester	1	6	22968
Xsun	3.81	/usr/openwin/bin/Xsun :0 -nobanner -auth /var/dt/A:0-5saydb	root	1	4.57	45536
Tdbm	1.95	Tdbm	root	1	2.34	55168
CSTleDec	1.48	CSTleDec CST3X	root	1	1.78	10624
CSTTCP	1.36	CSTTCP CSTTCP	root	1	1.64	13800
java	0.68	/h/COTS/JAVA2/bin/./bin/sparc/native_threads/java -Xss768k ->	tester	1	0.81	48632
dtwm	0.67	dtwm	tester	1	0.81	7520
CSTTCP	0.65	CSTTCP CST3X	root	1	0.79	11040

# Summary

- ▶ Characterize a C2 system
- ▶ Understand the decisions involved in testing a “near real time” system
- ▶ Recipe for conducting a performance test
- ▶ Data Analysis (The tool can be your best friend!)